```
e-mail: emrc@mni.ac.ir
                                                            HbA1c
                 (
% /
                        )%/
                                                            % /
                                HbA1c
                                                вмі
    // :
                   // :
                                       // :
^{i}(ADA)
```

)

i - American Diabetes Association

(

)

```
i(BMI)
                                  Seca
( )
                                                          ADA
         cm bladder) × cm
         )
                      cc
                (HbA1c)
   ii(GTT)
                   cc
           cc
Chem Enzyme
                  GOD-PAP
        HDL-C
                                            )
                          CHOD-PAP
    Chem Enzyme
            (
  HDL-C
                     ) Pars Azmoun
                GPO-PAP
Chem Enzyme
[LDL-C
                           LDL-C .
  HbA1c
                          = Chol-(TG/5+HDL-C)
                              EDTA
    Ion Exchange Chromatography
                                    DS5
```

i- Body mass index

ii- Glucose tolerance test

```
<sup>i</sup>NCEP (ATP III)
                                                                                             )
                     -LDL
                    HDL-C
                                                               (
                                                                              )
                                            ^{\mathrm{ii}}\mathrm{JNC}
             / mmHg
HbA1c
                   ADA
                                            %
                                   LDL-C
                                               HDL-C
            Epi Info 6. 04 SPSS
        p
                                                                                  (
      (% / )
                                                                                                       ECG
                                                                                                        HbA1c
              (% / )
(% / )
                 (% )
                                (ECG)
                                                                                                  )
                              ) % /
                              ) % /
                                                                                                            \operatorname{GTT}
% /
                                  (
                                         ) % /
                                                     )
                                                                                              GTT
```

i-National cholesterol education programs adult treatment panel

ii- Seventh report of the Joint National Committee

```
BMI
                                                                           % /
                                                    (
                      HbA1c
                                                         )
                                                                % /
                                                                            )
                                             ) % /
                                                                   ) %
                                                             )
BMI
                      LDL-C HbA1c
                                          ) % /
                                                                          ) % /
                       HbA1c
                                                               . (p< / )
```

P value ± ± BMI1* (kg/m^2) ± / ± / ± / ± / (mg/dL)(%) 2* HbA1c ± / ± / ± / ± / (mg/dL) ± / (mg/dL) (mg/dL) LDL 3* ± / \pm 4* (mg/dL) HDL ± / ± / ± / ± / (mmHg) ± / / ± / (mmHg)

: * HDL-C Low Density Lipoprotein : LDL-C *

:HbA1c*

= Body Mass Index : BMI *

High Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol

* -

P value					
1	% /	% /			BMI
1	% /	%		mg/dL	
1	% /	% /			HbA1c
/	% /	% /		mg/dL	
/	% /	%		mg/dL	
1	% /	% /		mg/dL	LDL-C
1	% /	% /	mg/dL	mg/dL	HDL-C
1	% /	% /	n	nmHg	
1	% /	% /	r	mmHg	
		DMI		ADA	

BMI

ADA

```
.(
                                     )
                               %
                                                0.4 -
%
            %
                           %
                                                0.2
                                                                                     فشارخون بالا
                                                         ديابت
                       / ± /
mmHg
                        (p< / )
                                  / ± /
                    / ± /
mmHg
                         (p< / ) / ± /
% /
                          % /
% /
               % /
                      (p< / )
                               mmHg
mmHg
                               .(p< / )
                 % /
                                                       (% / )
                                                                   % /
                                                    (% / )
  )
                                                                    %
       (
                                                                          % /
                                                   % /
                                                                        % / .
                                                 (
                                                        % /
                                                                           % /)
                                                                            %
```

```
mmHg
                                                        % /
)
                                                                            % /
                                                .(p < / )
                                                      BMI
                                                                HbA1c
                                                                   )
                                          HbA1c
                                                                   ADA
                         HbA1c \\
                                                        HbA1c
                                           LDL-C
                                                                            HDL-C
                                                                                )
                                                                            (
                                          HbA1c BMI
                                                                            LDL-C
```

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Original Article

The Quality of Care and Treatment in Diabetic Patients Newly Diagnosed by Screening

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Abstract

Introduction: The importance of screening for diabetes mellitus is a contruversial issue worldwide, its vitality is obvious when it leads to effective treatment for those identified at screening. This study was performed in Isfahan city to evaluate quality of care and treatment one year after diagnosis, in diabetic patients, newly diagnosed by screening. Materials and Methods: In this prospective study, 1640 adults were screened for diabetes in the Isfahan endocrine and metabolism research center, 2003-2004. Height, weight, blood pressure, plasma glucose, lipids, and HbA1c of diabetic patients who identified at screening, were measured twice, once, at time of diagnosis and then again one year later. The results of the two measurments were compared. Furthermore quality of care and treatment of patients were evaluated. Results: Eighty-three (5.06%) of 1640 adults, were diagnosed as having diabetes. The prevalences of dyslipidemia and hypertension among diabetic patients were 78.3% and 45% respectively. One year after diagnosis 77.1% of diabetic patients were treated for hyperglycemia, whereas 49.2% of dyslipidemic and 45% of hypertensive patients were treated for dyslipidemia and hypertension respectively. After one year, patients had significant improvements in BMI, plasma glucose, lipids and HbA1c but no improvements were seen in systolic and diastolic blood pressure. Conclusion: Diabetes screening is effective for detection of undiagnosed diabetes and improvement of glucose and control of other cardiovascular risk factors. It seems that quality of care and treatment, especially hypertension management, needs to be improved.

Key words: Screening, Care, Diabetes mellitus